

1.9 Nameservice

What types of DNS records are supported by Joker.com?

List of DNS Records supported by the free Joker.com Nameservice

Overview of supported records and short explanations:

URL Forwarding:

Redirects your domain to an external web site (URL). Please also see [How to use the web/URL forwarding feature of Joker.com?](#)

Email Forwarding:

Creates **email addresses** for your domain. Emails are forwarded to your existing external mail account. Please also see [How to configure Email forwarding?](#)

A Record:

Binds your domain or hosts within the domain with an **IP address**. Allows to create e.g. "www.your-domain.com" pointing to an external IP address

DYNA Record:

Part of the [Dynamic DNS Service](#) - binds your domain or host with your provider's temporary **IP address**. The IP can be **automatically** updated using your router device, or a client program. [Dynamic DNS \(DynDNS\)](#) **must be nabled** for your domain.

MX Record:

Defines which email server is responsible for accepting emails for your domain. Please also see here [MX records](#).

AAAA Record:

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Binds your domain or host within the domain with an **IPv6** address.

DYNAAAA Record:

Part of the [Dynamic DNS Service](#) - binds your domain or host with your provider's temporary **IPv6 address**. The IP can be **automatically** updated using your router device, or a client program. [Dynamic DNS \(DynDNS\)](#) **must be enabled** for your domain.

CNAME Record:

Maps your domain- or host name another domain- or hostname. This is an easy way to define a single host with an A record (your-domain.com pointing to IP) and create aliases for 'www.your-domain.com' and 'blog.your-domain.com'. Please also see here [CNAME records](#).

ALIAS:

Similar to CNAME, but ALIAS can also be applied to the domain itself. ALIAS records are not compatible with DNSSEC. More details can be found [here](#).

DNAME:

Similar to CNAME, but DNAME refers to all subordinate hosts (subdomains) of an entry. Further details can be found here [DNAME records](#).

SPF Record:

[Sender Policy Framework](#) - used to detect email spoofing to prevent SPAM. There are several free online SPF record creators available, e.g. [here](#).

TXT Record:

Creates a TXT record to handle the implementation of several specific tasks. This can also be used to request [Let's Encrypt SSL certificates](#). Please also see here [TXT records](#).

SRV Record:

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Specifies the location of the server(s) for a specific protocol and domain. Please also see here [SRV records](#).

NAPTR Record:

Specifies a regular expression-based **rewrite rule** that, when applied to an existing string, will produce a new domain label or URI. Please also see here [NAPTR records](#).

NS Record:

Specifies a responsible nameserver for a domain or subdomain. Please also see here [NS records](#).

CAA Record:

Lets you specify which Certification Authority (CA) is allowed to issue SSL certificates for your domain or hostname. Please also see here [CAA records](#).

Unique solution ID: #2483

Author: Joker.com

Last update: 2020-08-31 11:39